



# Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) from Industrial Minerals Association (IMA-Europe)

March 2013 Version 02





# **External Communication**

**Summary of assumptions + outcome** 

**Audience: Authorities, Customers, LCA practitioners, Associations** 



# **Outline**



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### IMA in a nutshell

Industrial Minerals Association (IMA-Europe) is an umbrella organization which brings together nine European and one international association specific to individual minerals:























# Representative membership

IMA-Europe covers the following industrial minerals: Andalusite, Bentonite, Borate, Diatomite, Ground/Precipitated Calcium Carbonate (GCC/PCC), Feldspar, Kaolin, Lime, Mica, Plastic Clays, Sepiolite, Silica, Talc, Vermiculite

28 European Countries i.e. 23 EU Member States + Croatia, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine

500 companies (685 mines & quarries, 750 plants) 42,500 employees 180 million tpa, EUR 10 billion turnover





### **IMA's Mission since 1993**

# Promote the interests of the European industrial minerals industry in all non commercial issues

#### √ Representation

In regulatory bodies, end-user associations, Unions, NGO's, etc

#### ✓ Regulatory Monitoring

H & S, Products, Raw Materials policy Environment & Sustainable Development

#### ✓ Communication

Image, public relations & dissemination of information to member companies

#### ✓ Standardisation & Product Defense

Norms, specifications definitions and authorisation





# IMA LCI: Goal & Scope

#### **Goal:**

To calculate the generic environmental footprint of various industrial minerals using the ISO 14040 – 14044 standards.

#### Scope:

Cover three industrial mineral families grouped by similar process stages and energy consumption.

#### **Disclaimer:**

Estimation of the environmental footprint of the investigated industrial minerals (IM) consists in broad evaluations per product family, and provides first generic data which can be used as such in global LCI analysis and estimates.

However for more refined and specific values, e.g. to prepare new products and to anticipate the impact of using any of the listed IM in their finished products, the LCA practitioners and companies are advised to contact their suppliers and /or companies manufacturing the specific industrial minerals.

The data provided hereafter are provided by industrial sites and, to the best knowledge of IMA-Europe, are considered as accurate for the time the data were collected. Should the facts and/or assumptions be different the conclusions might differ.





# IMA LCI: In scope

Family 1 name:	ame: Calcium carbonate above 63 μm	
Family 1 includes also Wet silica sand, Crude blended feldspar and Ball clay		
Description: This product corresponds to a mineral that is extracted, with or without crushing		
	drying. Total average energy consumption of these products is below 1 MJ per kilogram.	
Product name Particle size and description		
Calcium carbonate	d50 > 63 μm	
Wet silica sand	d50 = 0,24mm	
Crude blended feldspar	d50 = 6 mm	
Ball clay	d50 = 12 mm; Length < 4 cm	

Family 2 name:	Kaolin coarse filler
Family 2 includes also Dry silica sand	
Description: This product corresponds to a mineral that is extracted with or without crushing	
	The total average energy consumption of these products is around 2 MJ per kilogram.
Product name	Particle size and description
Kaolin coarse filler	$d50 = 2 \mu m$
Dry silica sand	d50 = 0,26 mm

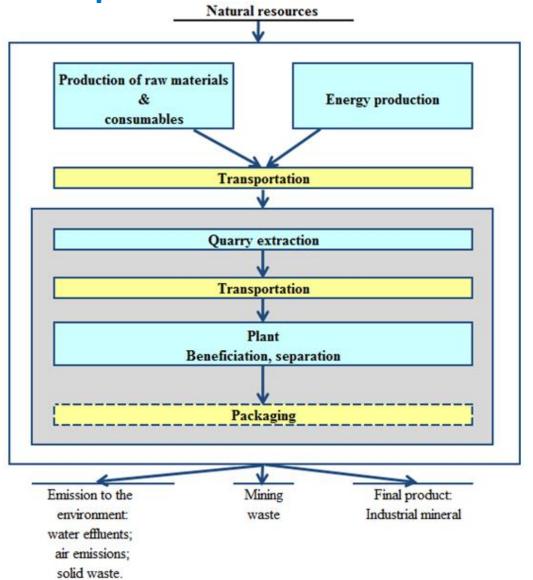
	Family 3 name:	Very fine milled silica sand	
Family 3 includes also Dry milled feldspar			
_	Description:	This product corresponds to a mineral that is extracted with crushing, dried and finally dry	
		milled. The total average energy consumption of these products is between 2.5 and 3 MJ per	
1		kilogram.	
	Product name	Particle size and description	
	Very fine milled silica sand	$d50 = 22 \mu m$	
	Dry milled feldspar	$d50 = 6 \mu m$	



# IMA LCI: System Boundaries

### **Cradle to gate of the plant**







# IMA LCI: Assumptions (1)

	Data format & Compliance	ISO 14040-14044 compliant ILCD entry-level requirements
	Data quality	Generic industrial minerals screening results
	Coverage	Europe + Turkey
2	Reference year	2006
	Data validity	2016
	Energy	EU energy fuel mix
	Reference flow	1 kg of dry mineral produced
	Cut-off criteria	Cut-off ratio >99. Inputs and outputs below 1% threshold were not considered.
	Main consultant	Data collection, consolidation; modelling and averaging have been conducted by PwC-Ecobilan based on data from IMA member companies.
7	Critical review	Methodology report was revised by EESAC, an independent LCA expert
	Data flows	1. Consumption of natural resources
		2. Emissions



# IMA LCI: Assumptions (2)

# Data collection & aggregation

(Pre)Questionnaire sent to Industrial Minerals (IMA-Europe) members manufacturing industrial minerals within the scope of the IMA LCI project.

Inventory data were collected in full reference to the ISO 14040-14044 standards and flows by means of a prequestionnaire and a final questionnaire.

To generate European typical values, the horizontal aggregation per process was applied. Three ways to aggregate the data were used:

- 1. Standard process: a simple arithmetic average is used;
- 2. Non-standard process: the percentage of an arithmetic average is used for a product family (e.g. 30% of industrial mineral goes through the magnetic separation step);
- 3. Standard process for a particular mineral: mix of technologies and ad-hoc weighting of datasets is used (e.g. wet vs dry mineral separation).

Data for fuel production, electricity and transport were taken from the ELCD (European Life Cycle Database).

# Omission from the life cycle stages

Closing and rehabilitation stages of the quarries; Capital equipment.





# IMA LCI: Impact categories

#### Family 1: Calcium Carbonate > 63 μm

(includes also: Wet silica sand, Crude blended feldspar and Ball clay)

<b>\</b>	Impact category	Unit	Reference flow 1 kg
	Primary energy consumption	MJ	0.74
	Water consumption	litre	0.04
	Global warming potential (GWP)	g eq. CO <sub>2</sub>	39.6
	Acidification	g eq. SO <sub>2</sub>	0.09
	Abiotic depletion	g eq. Sb	0.3

#### Note:

These products are sold in bulk, therefore the calculated environmental impact excludes packaging.



# IMA LCI: Impact categories

#### Family 2: Kaolin coarse filler

(includes also: Dry silica sand)

<b>\</b>	Impact category	Unit	Reference flow 1 kg
	Primary energy consumption	MJ	2.2
	Water consumption	litre	1.61
	Global warming potential (GWP)	g eq. CO <sub>2</sub>	92.3
	Acidification	g eq. SO <sub>2</sub>	0.61
	Abiotic depletion	g eq. Sb	0.85

#### Note:

These products are sold packed, therefore the calculated environmental impact includes packaging.



# IMA LCI: Impact categories

#### Family 3: Very fine milled silica sand

(includes also: Dry milled feldspar)

<b>\</b>	Impact category	Unit	Reference flow 1 kg
	Primary energy consumption	MJ	2.86
	Water consumption	litre	4.58
	Global warming potential (GWP)	g eq. CO <sub>2</sub>	120.3
	Acidification	g eq. SO <sub>2</sub>	0.41
	Abiotic depletion	g eq. Sb	1.04

#### Note:

These products are sold packed, therefore the calculated environmental impact includes packaging.



#### IMA LCI: Critical review

IMA LCI study has passed the critical review from EESAC.

Main outcome of the critical review:

- IMA LCI methodology report is compliant with basic requirements of the ISO 14040-14044;
- ➤ IMA LCI is **compliant** with the entry-level requirements of the International Life Cycle Datasets (**ILCD**);
- IMA LCI can be used for typical industrial minerals, as screening values;
- For future updates, more sites shall be added, in order to ensure better representativeness at European level.







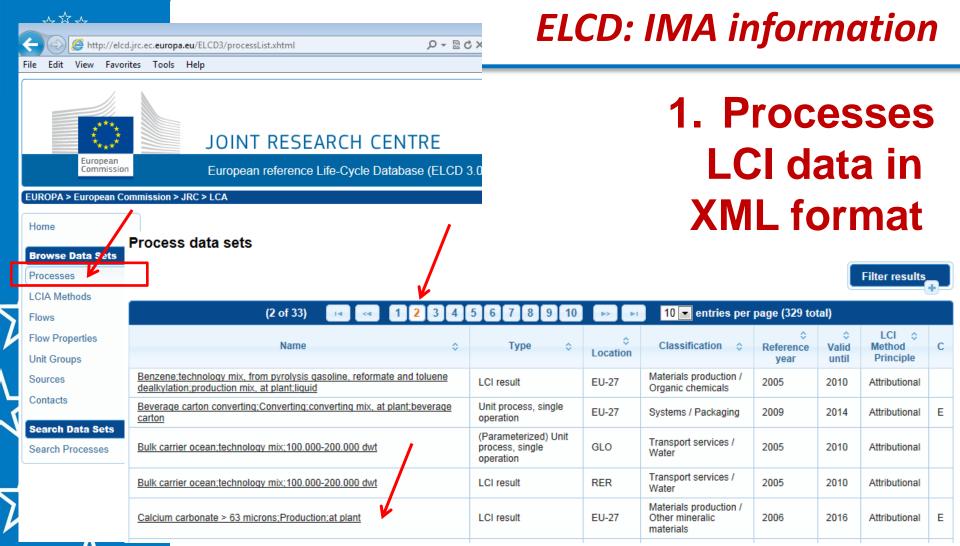
#### **IMA LCI: Support**

Secretariat@ima-europe.eu

The complete IMA life cycle inventory can be found in the following link in the European Life Cycle Database (ELCD):

http://elcd.jrc.ec.europa.eu/



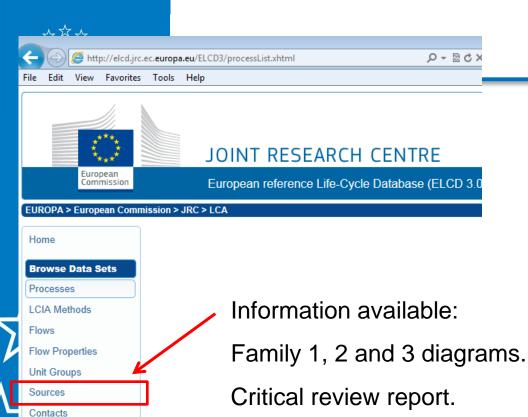




Page 2: Calcium Carbonate > 63 µm family;

Page 13: Kaolin Coarse filler family;

Page 30: Very fine mixed silica sand family.

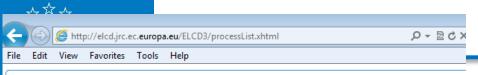


**Search Data Sets** Search Processes

# **ELCD: IMA information**

# 2. Sources Supporting LCI information available





# **ELCD: IMA information**

# 3. Contacts IMA Europe contact details



JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE

European reference Life-Cycle Database (ELCD 3.0

EUROPA > European Commission > JRC > LCA

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Drococo data coto 10 **▼** entries per page (135 total) (5 of 14) E-Mail Name Category < Homepage Organisations / http://www.bafu.admin.ch/index Federal Office for the Environment (FOEN) (FOEN) Governmental info@bafu.admin.ch lang=en organisations Organisations / GlassFibre Europe (GlassFibre Europe) http://www.glassfibreeurope.eu/ Private info@glassfibreeurope.eu companies Organisations / Government of the Netherlands (Government of the Netherlands) Governmental http://www.government.nl/ organisations Organisations / Government of the Netherlands (Government of the Netherlands) Governmental http://www.government.nl/ organisations Organisations / groupement-Groupement Européen des Fabricants de Papiers pour Ondulé (GO) Other http://www.groupement-ondule. ondule@wanadoo.fr organisations Organisations / secretariat@ima-Industrial Minerals Association Europe (IMA-Europe) Other http://www.ima-europe.eu europe.eu organisations



# Browse Data Sets Processes LCIA Methods Flows Flow Properties Unit Groups Sources Contacts Search Data Sets

Search Processes

# **ELCD: IMA information**

# 4. Process data sets compliant with ILCD\*

\* International Life Cycle Dataset

#### Search Process data sets

Search terms will be interpreted as additive search conditions. To include all options, just leave all possible entrie:



#### Search Process data sets

#### Search Results

Back to search form

	Name \$	Node ID ▼	Type \$		Classification \$	Reference	Valid	Meth
						year	until	Princ
	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene granulate (ABS);production mix, at plant	JRC_ELCD3	Partly terminated system	RER	Materials production / Plastics	1996	2006	Attribu
	Beverage carton converting; Converting; converting mix, at plant; beverage carton	JRC_ELCD3	Unit process, single operation	EU-27	Systems / Packaging	2009	2014	Attribu
>	Calcium carbonate > 63 microns; Production; at plant	JRC_ELCD3	LCI result	EU-27	Materials production / Other mineralic materials	2006	2016	Attribu
	Chlorine;production mix for PVC production, at plant	JRC_ELCD3	Partly terminated system	RER	Materials production / Inorganic chemicals	1996	2006	Attribu
	High impact polystyrene granulate (HIPS);production mix, at plant	JRC_ELCD3	Partly terminated system	RER	Materials production / Plastics	2002	2012	Attribu
	Hydrogen chloride gas (HCl);production mix for PVC production, at plant	JRC_ELCD3	Partly terminated system	RER	Materials production / Inorganic chemicals	2000	2010	Attribu
>	Kaolin coarse filler ;Production;at plant	JRC_ELCD3	LCI result	EU-27	Materials production / Other mineralic materials	2006	2016	Attribu
	Steel sections, including recycling;blast furnace route / electric arc furnace route;production mix, at plant;1kg	JRC_ELCD3	LCI result	GLO	Materials production / Metals and semimetals	2007	2015	Attributio
7	Very fine milled silica sand d50 = 20 micrometer; Production; at plant; median diameter of silica sand grains is 20 micrometers	JRC_ELCD3	LCI result	EU-27	Materials production / Other mineralic materials	2006	2016	Attributio
	Vinyl chloride monomer (VCM):production mix for PVC production , at plant	JRC_ELCD3	Partly terminated	RER	Materials production /	1999	2009	Attributio